

Midterm Notes

+ Order of operations

- GEMDAS

①	②	③	④
Groupings	Exponents	$L \rightarrow R$ Mult/Div	$L \rightarrow R$ Add/Sub

Ex: $60 \div 3 \cdot 5 + (10 - 2^2)$

$20 \cdot 5$

$10 - 4$

$100 + 6$

106

+ Properties

$$3(a+b) = 3(b+a) - \text{Commutative}$$

(order changes)

$$(x+6)\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}x + 3 - \text{Distributive}$$

$$5 \cdot (2x) = (5 \cdot 2)x - \text{Associative}$$

(groups changed)

+ Words $\longleftrightarrow$ Numbers

Ex: Five less than twice a number
 x

$$2x - 5$$

EX: $3(x+7)$

- Three times the sum of a number and seven

+ Evaluation Expressions/combine Like Terms

$$3(m - n) + 3z + 5(m + z)$$

$$3m - 5 + 3z + 5m + 5z$$

$$8m + 8z - 6$$

Ex: Let $x = -8$ $y = 2$ $z = \frac{1}{2}$

Evaluate

$$4y + z(x - y)$$

$$4(2) + \frac{1}{2}(-8 - 2)$$

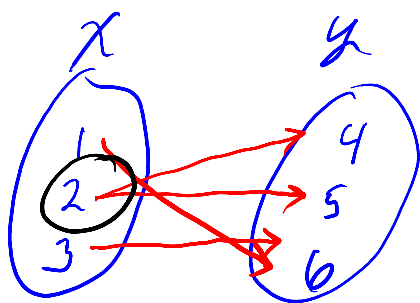
$$8 + \frac{1}{2}(-10)$$

$$8 + (-5)$$

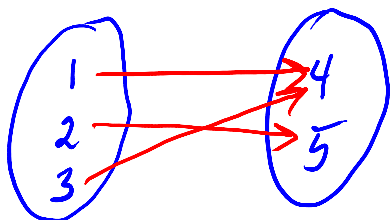
$$\boxed{3}$$

+ Functions - every input (x) only has one output (y)

Mapping Diagram

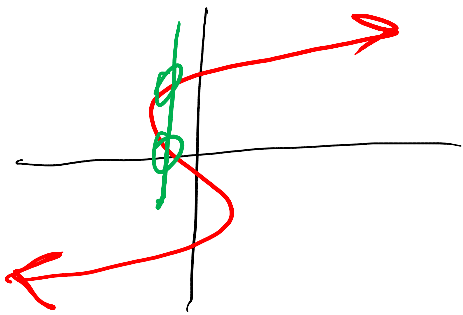


No! each x can only have one arrow

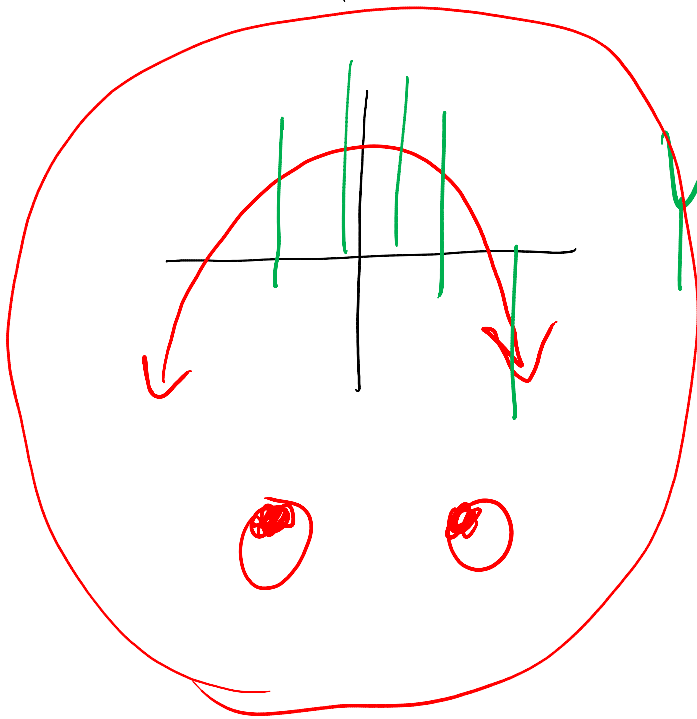


Yes!!

Graph - Needs to pass the Vertical Line Test



No!! Fails VLT



Yes!!

Table

Set of Pairs

No!!

x	y
1	5
-1	7
1	-5
2	3

(1, 5), (2, 5), (3, 5)

Yes, different x values.

+ Function Notation

$$f(x) \longleftrightarrow y$$

Ex: $f(x) = 7x + 1$

Find $f(3)$, $f(-1)$, and $f(2w)$

$$f(3) = 7(3) + 1 = 22$$

$$f(-1) = 7(-1) + 1 = -6$$

$$f(2w) = 7(2w) + 1 = 14w + 1$$

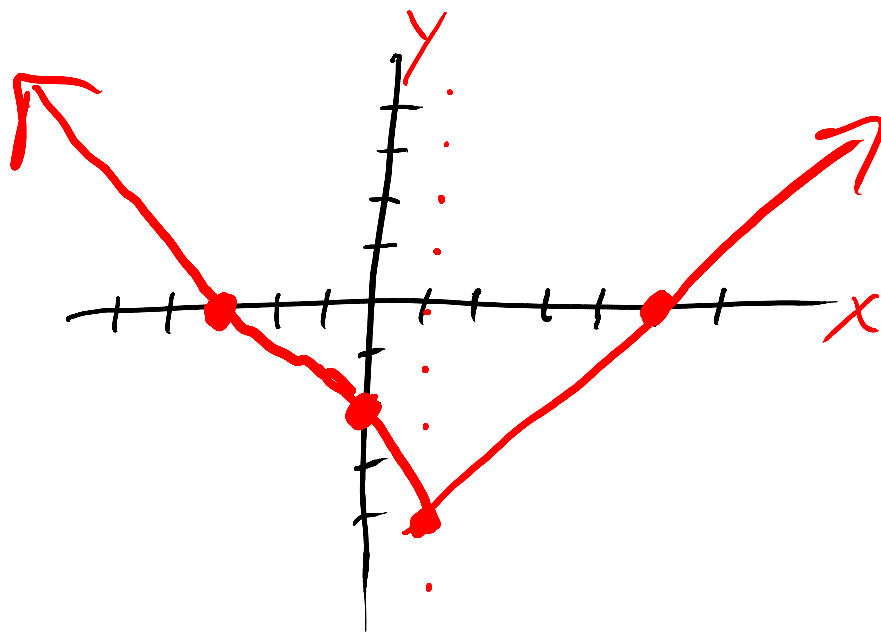
+ Drawing Graphs

- increasing/decreasing/constant intervals

- x and y intercept

Ex: Make a graph with

- y -int: -2
- x -ints: -3 and 5
- $f(1) = -4 \rightarrow (1, -4)$
- Decreasing when $x < 1$



+ Solving Equations

Ex: $\left(\frac{1}{3}x + 2 = \frac{1}{6}x - 1 \right) \times 6$

$$\frac{6}{3}x + 12 = \frac{6}{6}x - 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 12 = x - 6 \\ -x \quad \quad -x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 12 = -6 \\ -12 \quad -12 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = -18}$$

Ex: $\frac{1}{2}(4x - 10) + x = -2(x + 15)$

$$2x - 5 + x = -2x - 30$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 5 = -2x - 30 \\ +2x \quad +5 \quad +2x \quad +5 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{-25}{5}$$

$$\boxed{x = -5}$$

+ Absolute Value

- Ex: $|10| = 10$ $|-10| = 10$

- Distance from zero

- Solve:

- ① isolate absolute value bars
- ② Split into two equations
(one positive, one negative)
- ③ Solve both

Ex: $|x - 2| = 10$

① $x - \cancel{2} = 10$

② $x - \cancel{2} = -10$

$$\begin{array}{cc} +2 & +2 \\ \boxed{x=12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} +2 & +2 \\ \boxed{x=-8} \end{array}$$

Ex: $2 \boxed{x+1} - 4 = 12$

$+4$ $+4$

$$\frac{2 \boxed{x+1}}{2} = \frac{16}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x+1} = 8$$

④ $\begin{array}{cc} x+1=8 \\ -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$

$$\boxed{x=7}$$

⑤ $\begin{array}{cc} x+1=-8 \\ -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$

$$\boxed{x=-9}$$

+ Literal Equations (formulas)

- Solving for a variable by rearranging a formula

ex - Solve for y : $z \cdot \frac{xy-1}{z} = 2 \cdot z$

$$\frac{xy-1}{+1} = 2z + 1$$

$$\frac{x}{x} = \frac{2z+1}{x}$$

$$y = \frac{2z+1}{x}$$

+ Ratios + Proportions

- cross multiply

Ex: $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{17}{x-38}$

$$2(x-38) = 3(17)$$

$$2x - 76 = 51$$
$$+76 \quad +76$$

$$2x = 127$$

$$x = \frac{127}{2} = 63.5$$

+ Percent Change

Ex: original: \$70

sale: \$45

Find % of decrease.

$$\% \text{ Change} = \frac{\text{new} - \text{old}}{\text{old}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{45 - 70}{70} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{-25}{70} = \boxed{35.7\% \text{ decrease}}$$

• Price: \$25

Tax: 8%

Discount: 25% off

$$25(1 + .08)(1 - .25)$$

$$25(1.08)(.75) = \boxed{\$20.25}$$

• Dimensional Analysis

Convert

$$\frac{25 \text{ miles}}{\text{hour}} \text{ to } \frac{\text{feet}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$\frac{25 \text{ miles}}{1 \text{ hour}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hour}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} \times \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ miles}}$$

$$\frac{132000 \text{ ft}}{3600 \text{ sec}} = 36.6 \text{ ft/sec}$$

+ Inequalities

* When you multiply or divide by a negative, you have to flip the sign *

Ex: Solve AND Graph.

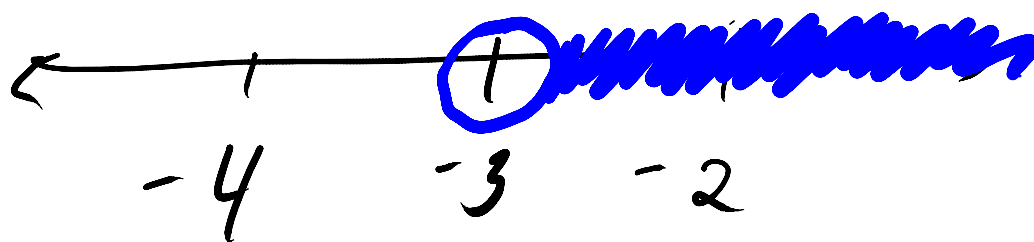
$$\textcircled{1} -3x + 1 < 10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x < 9 \\ \hline x > -3 \end{array}$$

$$\geq a \leq \bullet$$

$$> a < \circ$$

$$x > -3$$

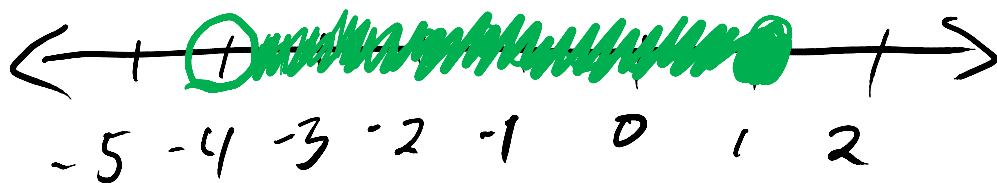


Interval
Notation: $(-3, \infty)$

$$\textcircled{2} -7 < 2x + 1 \leq 3$$

$$\frac{-8}{2} < \frac{2x}{2} \leq \frac{2}{2}$$

$$\boxed{-4 < x \leq 1}$$



Interval
Notation: $(-4, 1]$

+ Rate of Change and Slope

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

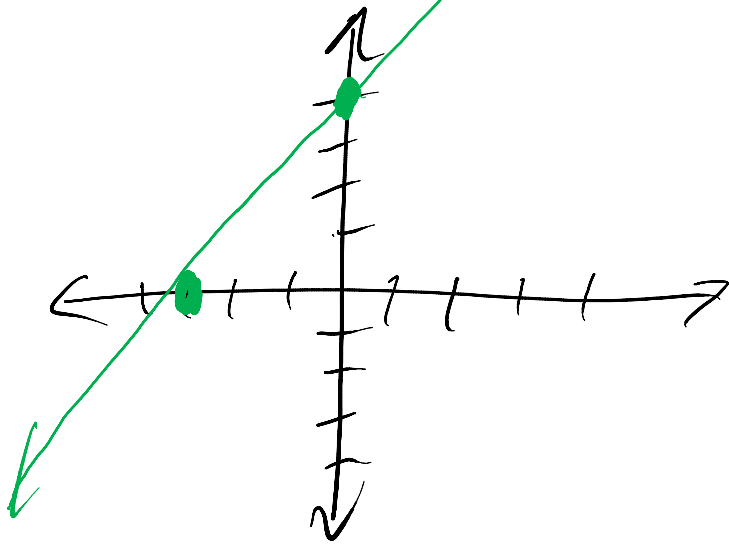
+ x and y - intercepts

Ex: $3y - 4x = 12$

x -int: cover up y : $-4x = 12$

$$x = -3$$

y -int: cover up x : $3y = 12$
 $y = 4$



+ Vertical and Horizontal Lines



slope is
undefined

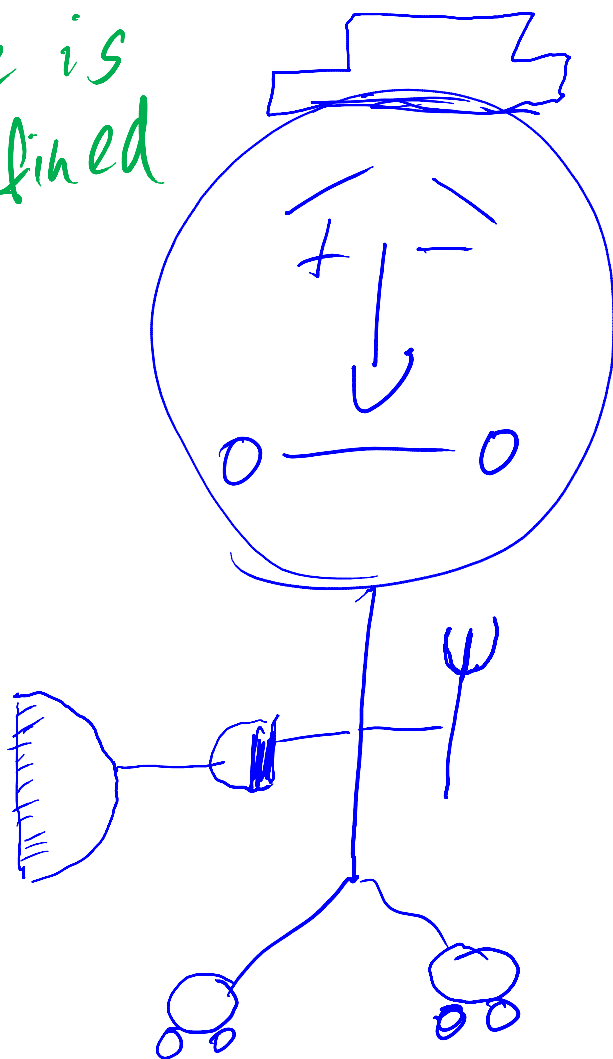
slope = 0

$x =$

$y =$

VUX

HOY



+ 3 Linear Forms

① Slope - Intercept

$$y = mx + b$$

$\uparrow$

$\nwarrow$ y-int

slope

② Standard Form

$$Ax + By = C$$

→ No Fraction

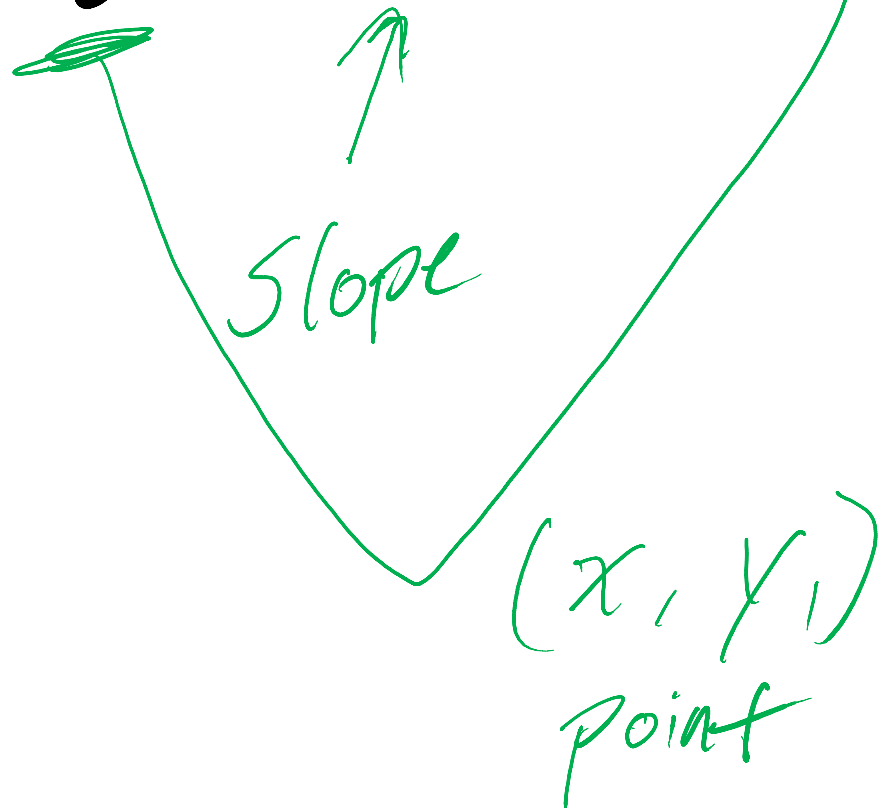
→ A has to be positive

→ x and y on same side

→ No common Factors
(GCF = 1)

③ Point-Slope

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)!$$



+ Arithmetic Sequences

$$a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)(d)$$

n^{th}
term

first
term

term
numb [

common
difference

Ex: Write a formula for

7, 20, 33, 46, ...

$\nearrow +13 \quad +13 \quad +13$
 $a_1 \quad d=13$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)(d)$$

$$a_n = 7 + (n-1)(13)$$

$$a_n = \textcircled{7} + 13n \textcircled{-13}$$

$$a_n = 13n - 6$$

Ex: Find the 47th term.

$$a_{47} = 13(47) - 6$$

$$a_{47} = 605$$

